

WHAT IS FARAID? WHAT IS ESTATE PLANNING?

Faraid is the name given to the Muslim law which determines the manner and order of distribution of the deceased Muslim's assets. The Holy Quran contains the principles Of Faraid, as do the traditions and sayings Of the Prophet (SAW) and the majority opinion Of Islamic scholars. In general, Fat-aid is applied to the assets Of a deceased Muslim which were not given away under the Will (VVasiyah) left by the deceased, and which do not come within the description Of any 'excluded assets', as listed below.

WHO ARE THE HEIRS DESCRIBED UNDER THE LAW OF FARAD

MALE HEIRS COMPRISE THE DECEASED'S:

- Son
- Father
- · Grandfather (father's father)
- Husband
- Brother
- Uncle (father's brother)
- · Son's Son
- · Consanguine Nephew
- Uncle (father's consanguine brother)
- Male Cousin
- Consanguine Brother
- · Consanguine Male Cousin
- Uterine Brother
- Nephew (Brother's son)

FEMALE HEIRS COMPRISE THE DECEASED'S:

- Daughter
- Mother
- · Mother's Mother
- · Father's Mother
- . Sister
- · Consanguine Sister
- · Son's Daughter
- Uterine Sister
- Wife

'Consanguine siblings' means siblings that share the same father but have different mothers. 'IJterine siblings' are siblings who have the same mother but have different fathers.

HOW CAN YOU CALCULATE THE SHARES OF EACH HEIR UNDER THE FARAD

Faraid's rules Of distribution are complicated. Please contact us at contact@fiduciaryservicesltd.com for assistance in calculating the shares of each of your heirs under Faraid.

